## Effect of Plant Density and Fertilizer levels on Productivity and Economics of Popcorn (*Zea mays everta*) in *Kharif* Season

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## ABSTRACT

A field experiment was conducted on medium black soils of Post Graduate Research Farm, College of Agriculture, Kolhapur, Maharashtra, during kharif 2012 on Popcorn. The treatment consisted of three fertilizer levels viz., 75% RDF (90:45:30 Kg NPK ha<sup>-1</sup>), 100% RDF (120:60:40 Kg NPK ha<sup>-1</sup>) and 125% RDF (150:75:50 Kg NPK ha<sup>-1</sup>) and four plant spacing levels viz., 60 x 15 cm<sup>2</sup>, 60 x 20 cm<sup>2</sup>, 75 x15  $cm^2$  and 75 x 20 cm<sup>2</sup>. The experiment was laid out in randomized block design (Factorial) with twelve treatment combinations and the treatments were replicated thrice. The yield contributing characters viz. number of cobs per plant, length and diameter of cob, number of grains cob<sup>-1</sup>, grain yield per cob were significantly higher with 75 x 20 cm<sup>2</sup> plant spacing over 60 x 15 cm<sup>2</sup>, expect 60 x 20 and 75 x 15 cm<sup>2</sup>. However, the number of cobs ha<sup>-1</sup> was significantly higher under 60 x 15 cm<sup>2</sup> over 75 x 20 cm<sup>2</sup>. The grain and stover yields of popcorn were significantly higher under 75 x 20 cm<sup>2</sup> plant spacing (29.64 q ha<sup>-1</sup>) over  $60 \times 15$  and  $75 \times 15$  cm<sup>2</sup>, except  $60 \times 20$  cm<sup>2</sup>. The harvest index was significantly higher with  $75 \times 20$  cm<sup>2</sup> over 60 x 15 cm<sup>2</sup>. Application of 150:75:50 Kg NPK ha<sup>-1</sup> (125% RDF) and 120:60:40 Kg NPK ha<sup>-1</sup> (100% RDF) were at par and recorded significantly the higher yield contributing characters as compared to 90:45:30 kg NPK ha<sup>-1</sup> (75% RDF) resulting into significant increase in grain (30.72 and 28.59 g ha<sup>-1</sup>) and stover yields (64.24 and 61.91 g ha<sup>-1</sup>) under 100% and 125% RDF with no significant difference between them. Amongst, the plant spacings the 75 x 20 cm<sup>2</sup> recorded the maximum gross and net monetary returns (Rs. 83,267 and 52,234 ha<sup>-1</sup>) and also benefit cost ratio (2.65). Application of 125% RDF recorded the maximum gross and net monetary returns (Rs. 86,158 and 53,139 ha<sup>-1</sup>) followed by 100% and 75% RDF. The benefit cost ratio under 125% and 100% RDF was almost similar and the lower benefit cost ratio was recorded under 75% RDF.

Key words: Fertilizer levels, Plant densities, Popcorn.