Nitrogen Management in Transplanted ragi

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ABSTRACT

A field experiment conducted during *rabi*, 2013-14 on sandy loam soils of Agricultural college farm, Bapatla on Nitrogen management in transplanted ragi. The experiment was laid out in Randomized Block Design with nine treatments replicated thrice. The results showed that the highest plant height, number of tillers, drymatter production, straw yield and N-uptake were observed with 125% RDN+ ST with Azospirillum @ 5kg ha⁻¹ + 0.2% Zn spray at flowering stage and yield attributes and yield were observed with 75% RDN+ 25% N through Vermicompost. However, the highest benefit cost ratio (2.5) was 100% RDN and hence was found to be optimum and economical for the production of white seeded transplanted ragi.

Key words: Azospirillum, FYM, Nitrogen management, Ragi, Vermicompost, Zn-spray.