## Biological Mining of Soil Reserve Phosphorus in Lowland Rice (*Oryza sativa* L.)

## **G Bhavani, M Martin Luther, K Chandra Sekhar and P Ravindra Babu** Department of Agronomy, Agricultural College, Bapatla 522101

## ABSTRACT

A field experiment entitled "Biological mining of soil reserve phosphorus in lowland rice (*Oryza sativa* L.)" during *kharif* 2009-10 was conducted on sandy clay loam soils of the Agricultural College Farm, Bapatla. Inoculation of PSB recorded the highest grain and straw yields at each level of P application, however, it was on a par with other biological treatments. The maximum P uptake was recorded with application of 60 kg  $P_2O_5$  ha<sup>-1</sup> ( $P_3$ ) and it was significantly superior to rest of the P levels. Soil inoculation of PSB recorded significantly the maximum P uptake over other biological treatments, but remained comparable with greenmanuring *in-situ* (T<sub>3</sub>). The maximum Apparent Phosphorus Recovery (APR) and Phosphorus Use Efficiency (PUE) was recorded with inoculation of PSB along with 20 kg  $P_2O_5$  ha<sup>-1</sup>.

**Key words :** APR, Available P, Biological mining, Greenmanure, PSB,PUE, Rice, VAM.