## Effect of Biofertilizer Consortia on Productivity in Rainfed Groundnut

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## ABSTRACT

Groundnut (*Arachis hypogea*) is a valuable oilseed crop. In Anantapuram district of Andhra Pradesh, groundnut is the major oilseed crop cultivated during kharif and rabi seasons. A field experiment was carried out at Agricultural Research Station, Ananthapuramu, to study the effect of biofertilizer application of P consortia and K mobilizers as seed treatment which includes the treatments of  $T_1$ :Control,  $T_2$ : RDF (20-40-40 N-P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>-K<sub>2</sub>O kg ha<sup>-1</sup>),  $T_3$ : RDF (20-40-40) + P consortia + K mobilizer,  $T_4$ : 50% RDF of P & K (20-20-20) + P consortia + K mobilizer,  $T_5$ : 50% RDF P (20-20-40) + P consortia,  $T_6$ : 50% RDF of K (20-40-20) + K mobilizer,  $T_7$ : STBF + P consortia + K mobilizer,  $T_8$ : P consortia + K mobilizer. Significant groundnut pod yields were recorded during kharif 2020. Treatment with 50% RDP (20-20-40) + P consortia recorded higher pod yield (779 kg ha<sup>-1</sup>) followed by STBF + P consortia + K mobilizer.

Keywords: Biofertilizers, Groundnut pod yield and Phosphorus Solubilizing Bacteria (PSB),