In vitro Evaluation of Fungicides, Bio-control Agents and Botanicals against Major Seed Borne Fungus, Alternariasesami

P Lakshmi Pravallika, S L Bhattiprolu, K Radhika and M Raghavendra Department of Seed Science and Technology, APGC, Lam, Guntur, A. P.

ABSTRACT

Eleven fungicides including three combination products, six isolates of biocontrol agents and six botanical extracts were tested against *Alternaria sesami*, major seed borne pathogen of sesame under *in vitro* conditions using poisoned food and dual culture techniques. Among the fungicides evaluated, combination product of carbendazim 12% + mancozeb 63% @ 0.2% was most effective with minimum mycelial growth (5.27 mm) and highest inhibition of mycelial growth (94.14%) which was significantly superior to all other fungicides tested. Azoxystrobin @ 0.1% was the least effective with 38.46 mm growth and 57.27% inhibition of mycelial growth. Among biocontrol agents, minimum radial growth (12.01 mm) and maximum inhibition of mycelial growth of *A. sesami* over control (86.66%) was obtained with *Trichoderma viride* (isolate-2) followed by *Pseudomonas fluorescens* (isolate-1) with 12.50 mm radial growth and 86.11% mycelial inhibition. Garlic clove extract 10% was significantly superior to other botanical extracts with 20.59 mm radial growth and 72.55% mycelial inhibition over control.

Keywords: Alternaria sesami, Biocontrol agent, Botanicals and Fungicides.